1	Lisa has some white square tiles and some grey square tiles
	They are all the same size.

			_

She surrounds the white tiles by a single layer of grey tiles.

She makes a row of white tiles.

a) How many grey tiles does she need to surround a row of 60 white tiles?

Show how you obtained your answer.

b) Write an expression for the number of grey tiles needed to surround a row of *n* white tiles.

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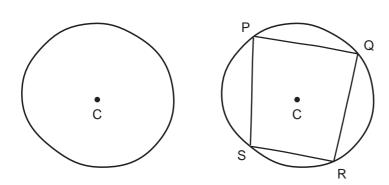
A1

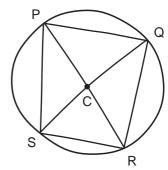
2 Vincent sketches a circle. He calls the centre C.

He then draws a quadrilateral PQRS, whose corners lie on the circle.

He then draws the diagonals of the quadrilateral.

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Vincent says

"Whatever quadrilateral I draw with corners on a circle, the diagonals will always cross at the centre of the circle".

Is Vincent right?

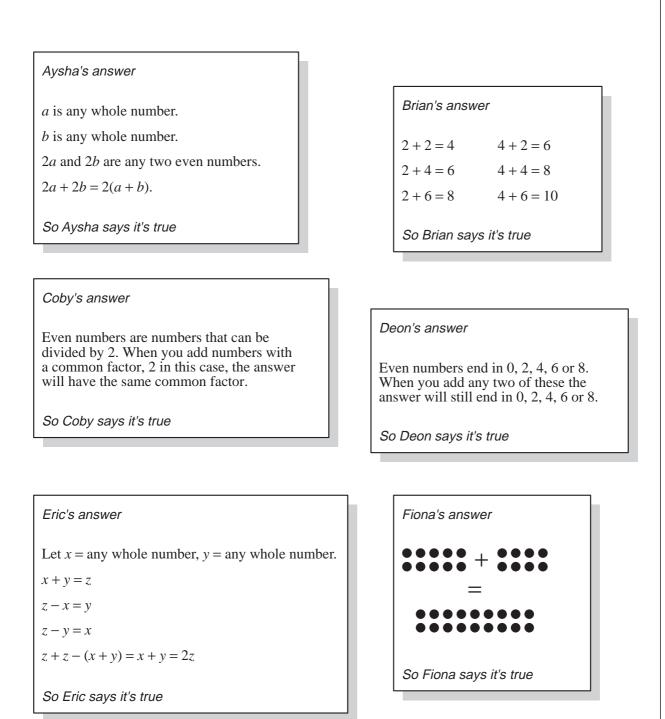
Explain your answer.

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3	Joe	and Fred are thinking about the pair of numbers 5 and 9.		Please leave
	The	ey notice that the SUM $(5 + 9)$ is EVEN.		blank
	The	ey notice that the PRODUCT $(5 \times 9)$ is ODD.		
	Joe	says: If the SUM of two whole numbers is EVEN, their PRODUCT is ODD.		
	Free	d says: If the PRODUCT of two whole numbers is ODD, their SUM is EVEN.		
	a)	Are Joe's and Fred's statements saying the same thing?		
	b)	The PRODUCT of two whole numbers is 1247.		
		Suppose Fred is right.		
		Which one of these must also be right? Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) one box.		
		You can be sure that the SUM of the two numbers is EVEN.		
		<ul> <li>You can be sure that the SUM of the two numbers is ODD.</li> <li>You can't be sure whether the SUM is ODD or EVEN until</li> </ul>		
		you know what the two numbers are.		
	c)	Is Joe's statement true?		
		Explain your answer.	]	
	d)	Is Fred's statement true?		
		Explain your answer.		

4 Aysha, Brian, Coby, Deon, Eric and Fiona were trying to prove whether the following statement is true or false:

When you add any 2 even numbers, your answer is always even.



- a) Whose answer do you like best?
- b) Whose answer is closest to what you would do?
- c) Whose answer would get the best mark from your teacher?

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#### 4 *Continued*

d) For each of the following, circle whether you agree, don't know, or disagree.

The statement is:

### When you add any 2 even numbers, your answer is always even.

Aysha's answer	agree	don't know	disagree
shows you that the statement is always true	1	2	3
Brian's answer			
shows you that the statement is always true	1	2	3
Coby's answer			
shows you that the statement is always true	1	2	3
Deon's answer			
shows you that the statement is always true	1	2	3
Eric's answer			
shows you that the statement is always true	1	2	3
Fiona's answer			
shows you that the statement is always true	1	2	3

e)	Suppose it has now been proved that:	HA2
	When you add any 2 even numbers, your answer is always even.	
	Zoe asks what needs to be done to prove whether: When you add 2 even numbers that are square, your answer is always even.	
	Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) either A or B.	
	(A) Zoe doesn't need to do anything, the first statement has already proved this.	
	(B) Zoe needs to construct a new proof.	

5 Prove whether the following statement is true or false. Write your answer in a way that would get you as good a mark as possible.

### When you add any 2 odd numbers, your answer is always even.

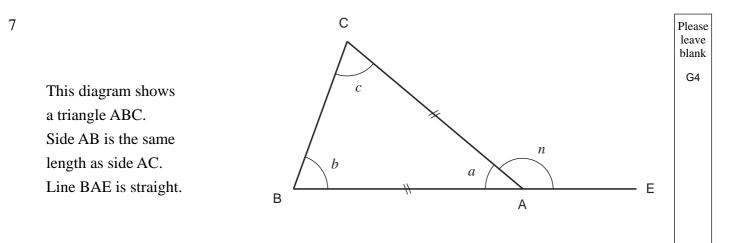
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HA4

6 Prove whether the following statement is true or false. Write your answer in a way that would get you as good a mark as possible.

# If p and q are any two odd numbers, $(p+q) \times (p-q)$ is always a multiple of 4.

Please leave blank HA7



a) Find the value of *c* when  $n = 140^{\circ}$ .

Write down each step of your calculation.

b) Show that  $c = \frac{1}{2}n$ , whatever the value of *n*.

Write down all your steps.

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c) In this diagram, lines SW, XT and VY are parallel. Line USV is straight.

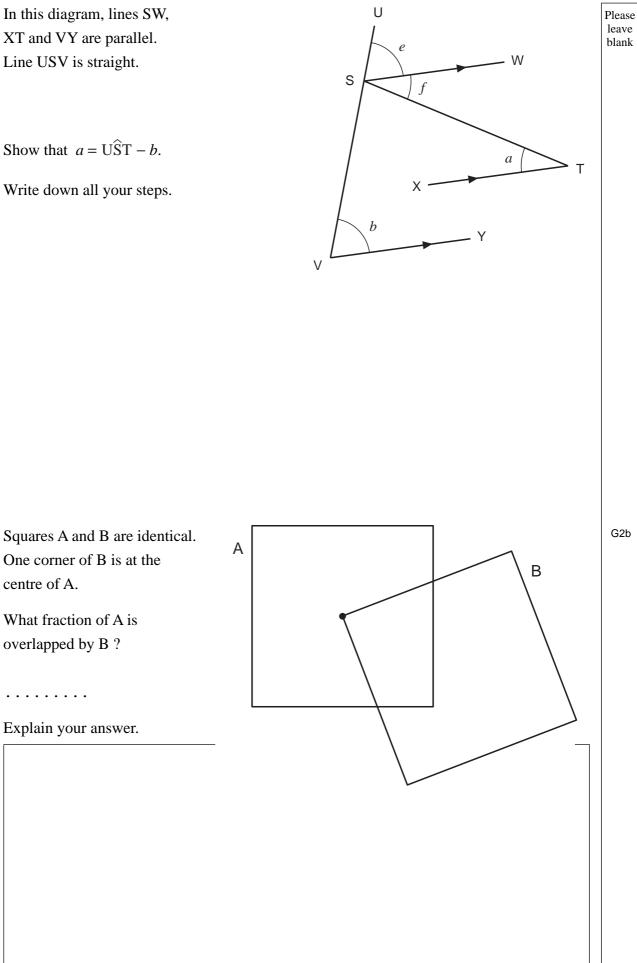
Show that  $a = U\widehat{S}T - b$ .

Write down all your steps.

8

centre of A.

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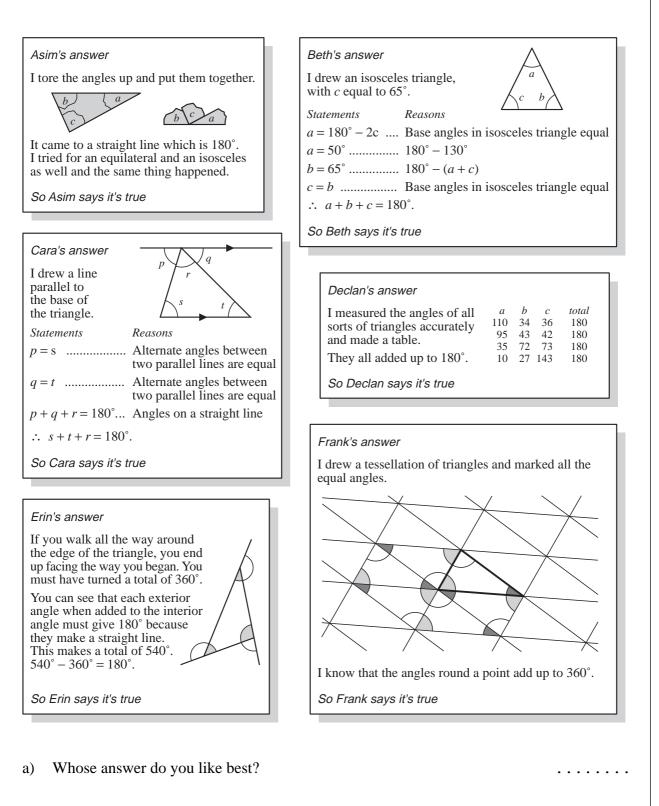
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Please go to the next question

9	Kat	h and Rose are thinking about the angles of this triangle.	obtuse	Please leave
	The	ey notice that two angles are ACUTE. $(29^{\circ})$	102°	blank LG1
	The	ey notice that one angle is OBTUSE.	49°	
	Kat	h says: If two angles of a triangle are ACUTE, the third angle is OBTUSE.	acute	
	Ros	se says: If one angle of a triangle is OBTUSE, the other two angles are ACU	TE.	
	a)	Are Kath's and Rose's statements saying the same thing?		
	b)	A triangle has an OBTUSE angle of 113.62°.		
		Suppose Rose is right.		
		Which one of these must also be right? Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) one box.		
		You can be sure that the other two angles are both ACUTE.		
		<ul> <li>You can be sure that the other two angles are not both ACUTE.</li> <li>You can't be sure whether the other two angles are both ACUTE until</li> </ul>		
		you know the size of both angles.		
	c)	Is Kath's statement true?		
		Explain your answer.		
	d)	Is Rose's statement true?		
	u)			
		Explain your answer.		

10 Asim, Beth, Cara, Declan, Erin and Frank were trying to prove whether the following statement is true or false:

#### When you add the interior angles of any triangle, your answer is always 180°.



- b) Whose answer is closest to what you would do?
- c) Whose answer would get the best mark from your teacher?

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- Please leave blank
- d) For each of the following, circle whether you agree, don't know, or disagree.

The statement is:

## When you add the interior angles of any triangle, your answer is always 180°.

Asim's answer	agree	don't know	disagree
shows you that the statement is <b>always true</b>	1	2	3
Beth's answer			
shows you that the statement is <b>always true</b>	1	2	3
Cara's answer			
shows you that the statement is <b>always true</b>	1	2	3
Declan's answer			
shows you that the statement is <b>always true</b>	1	2	3
Erin's answer			
shows you that the statement is <b>always true</b>	1	2	3
Frank's answer			
shows you that the statement is <b>always true</b>	1	2	3

e) Suppose it has now been proved that: HG2
When you add the interior angles of any triangle, your answer is always 180°.
Zak asks what needs to be done to prove whether: When you add the interior angles of any right-angled triangle, your answer is always 180°.
Tick (✓) either A or B.

(A) Zak doesn't need to do anything, the first statement has already proved this.

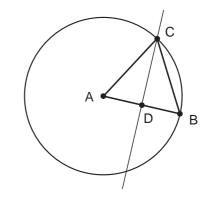
(B) Zak needs to construct a new proof.

11Prove whether the following statement is true or false. Write your<br/>answer in a way that would get you as good a mark as possible.Ph<br/>b

# If you add the interior angles of any quadrilateral, your answer is always 360°.

Please leave blank HG4 A is the centre of a circle and AB is a radius.C is a point on the circumference where the perpendicular bisector of AB crosses the circle.Prove whether the following statement is true or false. Write your answer in a way that would get you as good a mark as possible.

Triangle ABC is always equilateral.



Please leave blank HG7 WAIT! Please go back to any questions you left out, then check all your answers. After that, if there is any time left over, please answer this questionnaire:

Z1 a) What did you feel about taking part in this survey?

b) Which question did you like best, and why?

c) Which question did you like least, and why?

d) Please add any other comments, if you wish to, about the survey.

Please leave

blank